VOLUME XLV-NUMBER 267.

WHEELING, W. VA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1897.

PRICE TWO CENTS .- { DIVE CENTS

M'LEAN CONTROLS

The "Mixed Pickles" Convention in Session a t Columbus

WHO CLAIM TO BE DEMOCRATS,

Many Against Hough Because He Wore a Carlisle Button.

IS NOT ORTHODOX ENOUGH

For the Rabid Free Silver Men, who Hold the Conservative Members of the Conrention by the Throat-Johnny McLean Han Everything Hits Own Way-State Central Committee Recommends that a Free Silver Republican be Given a Place on the Ticket-Fasion May be Accomplished.

COLUMBUS, O., June 29 .- The pre liminary work of the Democratic state onvention to-day showed that it was almost unanimous for free silver and John R. McLean for senator, There was, however, a continuation of the contests for the different places on the state ticket and for positions on the committees.

Lawrence T. Neal, who was defeated for governor by President McKinley, ex-Mayor John Farley and other gold standard Democrats, were active in the chorus for McLean, but they were controling for different men for governor. Robert T. Housh was made the ernor. Robert T. Hough was ngain the favorite to-day and regarded as the McLean man, but the field made a very bitter fight on him, especially the friends of ex-Congressman Paul J. Sorg who was supported by ex-Governor James E. Campbell, ex-collector Joseph Dowling, who was removed by Presi-dent Cleveland for violation of the civil service rules, and other leading conservatives on the financial question. The

vatives on the financial question. The fact that Mr. Sorg voted for the issue of gold bonds while in Congress was used by the radical silver men very etrough against him.

In the contest for governor John C. Welty and Horace L. Chapman showed much strength to-day. Even it the McLean men insist on putting through the Hough slate to-morrow, it it believed that there will be susceal ballots in order to permit the dozen or more camildates to show their respective polls.

HOUGH'S TITLE NOT CLEAR.-Previous to the meeting at 4:30 p. m. the fight against R. T. Hough for governor became so bitter that there was much talk of ex-Congressman D. L. Donovin for the head of the ticket.

much talk of ex-Congressman D. L. Donovin for the head of the ticket. Welty. Chapman and some others showed gains, but it was genrally believed that Donovan would be stated if it was head to the controlling elements to drop Hough. On all sides it was held that no standard hearer should be salected who had any gold streak in his record. While it was conceded that Hough was an original Bryan man at Chicaso, even before-the nomination was made and that he had advocated a free sliver plank in the state platform three years ago, when Senator Brice controlled the state convention against him. Yet the fact that Mr. Housh once wore a Carlisle button one day in Washington was itsed as damaging evidence against him. The McLean men were all anxious for a clean cut sliver man for governor as no objection was made to Mr. MoLean's record on that issue, and they felt that McLean was suffering some on account of his friends supporting Mr. Hough, against whose sliver record some found objections. The McLean men held that the reports against Hough were untrue, and that they were circulated by the managers of other candidates for governor, but it was evident that the McLean leutenants to-day considered the situation serious enough to have another man ready for the slate in the event that they could not control their forces for Those theology.

they could not control their forces for Hough.

Those who favor McLean for senator became involved in such bitter contests against each other over the head of the slate ticket, that it became doubtful whether McConnville, Wilkins and other McLean managers could control the convention on the nomination for government which involved the support of the state administration for McLean in Securing the senatorship.

Efforts were made again to-day to get the Mr. McLean to come from Cincinnation Columbus, but no assurances were received on these calls. The McLean leaders held several conferences during the day, while they did not want to antigonize the friends of other candidates they could not be induced to drop MULEAN. CONTROLS—When the

M'LEAN CONTROLS,-When delegates met at 4:30 p. m., by districts, it developed that there was a strong feeling against some of McLean's managers because of their attempt to dictate the state nomination, and especially that of R. T. Hough, for governor, After the pulse of the delegates had been felt in these preliminary meetings a conference was called for to-night between McLean's lieutenants and othne conference was care to the tree McLean's lieutenants and other leaders. The McLean men carried all of the twenty-one congressional districts by large majorities for members of the state central committee, but many who co-operated with them at these meetings objected to the word of the districts of the state central committee, but many who co-operated with them at these meetings objected to the word of the district of the word of the other candidates who have spent months in their respective canvasses. The committee on resolutions is composed of radical silver men with the exception of ex-Governor James E. Camposell, ex-Senator F. M. Marriott, W. H. Hackney and Carl Hau, who are classed as conservative silver men.

The Democratic state central committee this afternoon gave a hearing to the representatives of the State League of Silver Republicans and finally adopted a resolution recommending that the committee on rules designate one place on the state these to be filled by the State League of Silver Republicans. This is the closing of the efforts at fusion that have been in progress yesterday and to-day. The Silver Republicans when this concession was made withfrew their objections to Sorg. Hough and other candidates.

At the meeting of the committee tonight it was decided to make the temporary organization permanent so as to proceed with business without delay. Hon Ulric Sloane Will preside during the device of the committee on codentials of the committee was organized by the McLean men. Daniel McConville was reviewed chairman of er leaders. The McLean men carried

McLean delegater.

The new state central committee was organized by the McLean mest. Daniel McConville was re-elected chairman of the state executive committee by a vote of 20 to 1, which indicated the strength of the McLean delegation on all the committees.

STATE SENATORSHIP FIGHT

Over the River Besults in Blake, of Co.

Iumbiane, Winning the Prize.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STEUBENVILLE, O., June 29.—The convention of the joint senstorial convention, composed of Belment, Columbians, Harrison and Jefferson counties, met in this city to-day. The four large counties were represented in the convention with delegates as follows:

HarrisonJefterson

rison county had a candidate or two, and as a consequence considerable interest was manifested and the delegations were all filled. It was eleven o'clock when M. J. McCoy, of Cadis, called the convention to order. Prayer was ofwhen M. J. McCoy, of Cadis, called the convention to order. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Pope, of the Hamilins M. E. church. Ex-Governor R. G. Richards named Judge Pearce, of Cadis, for chall man, but Judge Pearce cleverly turned the tables on the ex-governor and had his name substituted. R. W. Voorhees was selected secretary with Ed. F. Moore and J. S. Lacey as assistants. The usual committees on rules, credentials, ets., were appointed, with the following senatorial committeemen: Beimont—Samuel Westwood. Columbians—J. H. Severs. Harrison—M. J. McCoy. Jefferson—J. R. McCleary.

In the afternoon the candidates were presented as follows: Frank B. Archer and W. A. Hunt, of Belmont; W. V. Blake and J. F. Marshall, of Columbians, and Senator M. D. Welday, of Jefferson. Harrison had no candidate and the first ballot resulted as follows: Blake 88. Welsay 88. Archer 63, Hunt 35, Marshall 13. Harrison nave Hunt 16, Welday 6. Archer 5 and Blake 3.

There was no change in the balloting until the fifth ballot, which stood: Blake 106, Welday 11, Archer 61, Hunt 25, Marshall 6. Thus the balloting continued until finally, on the thirty-fourth ballot, Blake was nominated, the counties voting as follows: Belmont, Blake 89. Welday 18. Columbiana, Blake 89. Welday 27. Welday 27. Welday 27. Welday 27. Welday 28. Extension, Blake 22. Welday 27. Welday 28. There was then made unamily and the second page and the second page

9. Harrison, Blake 22. Jefferson te 62. Total, Blake 22, Welday 27 nomination was then made unaut

mous.
The resolutions adopted renewed allegiance to the principles of the party and
last year's national platform; endorsed
the McKinley administration. Hanna,
Foraker, Danford, Taylor, Bushneil and
the state administration, and Hanna for
United States senator again.

CANNOT SPAR

But Sullivan and Pitz Can Give an "Illus-NEW YORK, June 29.—Police Super-intendent Mc Kelvey, of Brooklyn, said

to-day: "Fitzsimmons and Sullivan cannot meet in a sparring match or exhibition at Ambrose Park, or anywhere else in Brooklyn on July 5. I have not consulted in the matter, but the authorities have decided upon a course of action if any attempt is made to give of action if any attempt is made to give such an exhibition. I understand that Ambrose Park holds a theatrical license. Under this license Fitzsimmons and Sullivan might give an illustrated lecture. They could show their knockout blows, swings, cross-counters, and upper cuts, but they would not be permitted to give an exhibition of sparring either scientific or otherwise, and they would have to be mightly careful in prosenting their illustrated lecture.

"People who go to the exhibition with the expectation of seeing a fight will be disappointed. I do not know whether the managers of the affair will go on making arrangements, but if they do there will be a sufficient number of policemen on duty to insure the preservation of law and order."

FRESHMAN RACE

Between Crews of Columbia, Cornell and Pennsylvania Colleges.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 29.—A south wind and a disagreeable, spattering rain that bites when it hits marks the evening preceding the race of the freshmen Columbia, Cornell and Penn-sylvania race, and it is believed presages a disagreeable day. The water was bad this afternoon for the next to

was bad this afternoon for the next to the final day's practice, but all of the crews went out. The race to-morrow will take place over the two-mile course down stream.

The hour set for the race is not earlier than 5:30 in the afternoon and according to the trial conditions to-day, there will be a very fair current to help along the outside crew. In the drawing of positions this afternoon Cornell gained the advantage if there is any, by drawing the outside course nearest to the channel, while Pennsylvania got the worst position by drawing the shore course. Columbia is in the middle.

Must Pony Up. CLEVELAND, Ohlo, June 29.—It apyears that officials of the United States government must obey the orders of courts whether they are engaged in government business when summoned or not. Some time ago Major W. B. Stockman, of the weather bureau, was fined for falling to answer a summons to appear as a witness before Judge to appear as a witness before Judge Ong. Failing to pay he was committed to fail, but was almost immediately released. He appealed to Washington and Judge Ong suspended the government. Stockman has just received a letter from Secretary Wilson, advising him to pay the fine. Judge Ong feels vindicated and is disposed to let Stockman off with the costs,

TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

The senate yesterday confirmed the nomination of S. W. Willey, to be post-master at Hinton.

The cabinet meeting yesterday was brief and unimportant, only routine matters being discussed.

The cabliet inectant, only routine matters being discussed.

The senate yesterday adopted a joint resolution for the leaning of 1,000 tents for the purpose of the G. A. R. encampment at Leavenworth, Kan.

Senator Pettigrew was on the floor of the senate yesterday, and was congratulated by his colleagues on his speedy recovery from his recent illness.

Judge Foster in the United States district court, of Kansas, has made a decision that deprives the state insurance commissions, Webb McNall.of the power he has assumed in preventing certain big eastern life insurance companies from doing business in Kamsas. The managers of the joint traffic association have fixed a number of special fares including the following: National meeting, League of American Wheelmen, Philadelphia, August 4-7; annual meeting National Educational Association, Milwaukee, July 6-9; sugar beet farmers' convention, Rome, N. August 21, I. O. O. F. of Ohio Grand special excursions to Chautauqua, camp meeting at Mountain Lake Park, Md., August 4-24.

TARIFF DEBATE

Was Relieved of Duliness Yesterday by an Amusing Colloquy.

THE TILLMAN AMENDMENTS

Providing a \$100 Head Tax on Immi grants and a Restriction Against These Not Coming to the United States to Become Citizens Defeated.-The Senate Finance Committee Fixes the Duty on Cont at 67 Cents Per Long Ton, Affecting Countries which Do Not Impose Higher Rate on the American Product.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—After tedious consideration of the tariff bill throughout to-day, the senate wound up with a half hour of lively and amusing colloguy between Senators Tillman, of South Carolina, and Chandler, of New Hampshire. The former had proposed an-amendment to the tariff bill, providing a \$100 head tax on immigrants and a restriction against all those not coming to the United States to become citizens.

Mr. Tillman made an carnest speech on the depressed condition of labor, but he was soon diverted from his theme by Mr. Chandler. The latter, adopting a style of mock gravity, directed the dis-cussion towards Mr. Cleveland's administration. This, in turn, brought from Mr. Tillman a vehement criticism of the late President, while Mr. Chandler droily protested against these assaults upon Mr. Cleveland by a member of his own party. When the fun had been fast and furfous for some time, the Tillman amendments were defeated, yeas 3, nays 48, the three affirmative votes being cast by Messrs. Butler, Quay and Tillman. During the day the senate disposed of the lead paragraphs, the committee rate of 1½ cents per pound on lead ore being agreed to, 36 to 23. The other paragraphs considered were of comparatively minor importance. istration. This, in turn, brought from

COAL DUTY FIXED.—The senate finance committee has fixed the duty on coal at 67 cents per long ton. This rate applies only to coal shipped from countries which do not impose a higher rate on American coal. It therefore affects only Canada, the Canadian rate on American coal being the same.

There has been a strong contention to hold the rate down to that originally fixed by the committee and even to lower it, but this effort was vigorously contested by the senators from the coal producing states, and the latter chass have word. COAL DUTY FIXED .- The senate

won.

The committee has also decided to restore paintings to the dutiable list. The house imposed a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem on paintings. This the sense finance committee struck out, transferring the item to the free list. The committee now returns to the house programme, but it is not yet definitely decided whether the rate shall be 20 or 25 per cent.

For Control of the Trusts.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Repub-can members of the senate committee lican members of the seante committee on judiciary to-day-had under consideration the form of an amendment to be submitted for the control of trusts. They practically agreed upon an amendment making it an offense punishable by fine and imprisonment for any person or corporation to monopolize or conspire with any other person or corporation to monopolize the trade in any article protected by the tariff bill. The amendment when completed will prescribe penalties and supply directions for the detection of fraud. The preparation of the amendment has been referred to a subcommittee consisting of Messrs. Thurston, Davis and Spooner.

In Favor of Seating Corbett. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—The report prepared by Senator Hoar in report prepared by Senator Hoar in the case of H. W. Corbett, claiming a seat from Oregon by appointment of the governor, has been printed for the use of the committee. After reviewing the situation in the Oregon legislature the report concludes: "We think that the governor of Oregon was entitled to make the appointment, and that Mr Corbett is entitled to the seat."

To Visit His Mother.

WASHINGTON, June 29.-The president to-day definitely decided to go to his old home at Canton, O., on Friday, to visit his mother for a few days. Mrs. McKinley, Miss Mabel McKinley, and probably assistant secretary of state and Mrs. Day will accompany him. They will leave here on the regular train over the Pennsylvania railroad Friday evening at 7:10, arriving in Canton at 10:30 Saturday morning. They will remain over the Fourth and return Monday or Tuesday evening. On Thusday night the president will give an informal dinner to the members of the cabinet and their wives.

Presidential Nominations. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29,-The President to-day sent the following nominations to the senate:

State-To be consuls general of the United States: Church Howe, of Nebras-

United States: Church Howe, of Nebraska, at Apia, Nukalofa, Tongaa; John P. Bray, of North Dakota, at Melbourne, Australia.

To be consuls of the United States: Huge Donzelmain, of Wyomins, at Prague, Bohemia; Louis A. Dent, of the District of Columbia, at Kingston, Jamaica; Samuel S. Lyon, of New Jersey, at Oraka and Hiego, Japan; Romavello Wildman, of California, at Hong Kong, China; Charles V. Herliska, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of the legation of the United States at Vienna, Austria.

Justice—John K. Richards, of Ohio, to be solicitor general.

Postmasters and Pensions.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29,—Com-

missions have been issued to three West Virginia postmasters as follows: Hepe-

Virginia postmasters as follows: Hope-ville. Grant county, Cal. Curs; Inde-pendence, Preston county, W. H. Jen-kins; Sordan Run, Grant county, M. E. Gouldison.
Pension certificates have been fur-warded to West Virginia applicants as follows: Increase, James P. Todd, Red House Sheads; Francis M. Rexocad, Buil-town, Widows—Marilla A. Sisier, Terra Alta. Alta.

Treasury Balance.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance \$235,566,756; gold reserve, \$140,664,552.

His Object a Mystery. GREENSBURG, Pa., June 29.—Samuel Clark, a negro, climbed upon the poorch roof of the house occupied by poorces root of the house economics the window of her sleeping room drew a re-volver and shot her dead. The murders then fied and has not been captured. Clark had been absent from the city for two years, and returned yesterday. The cause of the murder is a mystery.

DASTARDLY DEED.

A Business Block Destroyed by Dynamic

and Other Property Damaged-People's Lives Put in Jeopardy. SCRANTON, Pa., June 29.—A dynamite explosion early this morning in South Scranton blew up the business block of Leon Olcholfsid, a Gouble dwell-ing block owned by him, and a detach-ed house owned by Michael O'Hara. The business block, a two story build-ing, was torn to pieces. Twenty other houses had all the windows blown out and plaster torn from the walls. The

and planter torn from the wants he shock was felt all over the city. The cause of the explosion is unknown, but Olchofski alleges that it was the work of enemics he made during political and church disputes in that section he being one of the principals in the row which led to a split in the Polish congregation. Olchofski was seriously injured in saving his wife, and his recovery is ubtful.

Following the explosion, the wrecked building took fire, but the firemen kept the flames from spreading.

Following the explosion, the wrecked building took fire, but the firemen kept the fiames from spreading.

The other properties seriously damaged were the brick business block and dwelling of Charles Johnson, dwellings of William Grambe, Charles Ktefer, John Klein, Michael Joyce, Dr. J. J. Waish, Joseph Welsh, Adam Effinger, Bridget Lavell, Joseph Denlins, Philip Klein, Carl Scheurman and George Gardner and B. Huses' blacksmith shop.

In some of the houses the sleeping people were covered with failing plaster. The finfant child of Michael Joyce was dangerously injured and a little son of John Klein almost suffocated. The total loss will reach \$25,000.

Olchofskit has been in political and church wrangles for a number of years and was the recognized leader of one of the warring factions about the south side Polanders. When asked if he thought it possible that some enemy had blown up his store, he said he did not know what to think; it might be that, but he would not like to say anything about it. He closed up the store at 8 o'clock last night and left everything in good shape.

Michalowsky, the saloon keeper, who lived above Olchofski, awoke to find his bedroom filled with smoke and tongues of flame bursting through the windows from the store side. His wife came rushing through the room in terror with blood trickling down her face from a slight abrasion caused by falling plaster. Gathering up their children, they sturted for the hallway ext, but the key of the door had been knocked out by the explosion, and being unable to find it in a burried hunt about the floor, they made for the windows and one by one dropped to the roof of a summer kitchen below, and thence to the ground. Nobody could be found to-day who explained the cause of the disaster. Circumstantial evidence abounds, however, to show that it was no accident. Gas could not have wrought such havoe nor could it have been caused by fan ordinary amount of dynamite was used by the person who set the explosive off.

AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS

Under Ballington Booth, Salvationist, Must Change Their Uniforms.

CHICAGO, June 29.-The American Volunteers, Ballington Booth's religious organization, will be compelled to change their uniforms because of the organization, will be compelled to change their uniforms because of the enactment of the military code of Ilinois by the hast legislature. Policemen will not be permitted to wear overceats fashioned after those worn by army officers, the Clan ma Gael guards will be forced out of existence, the Aurora Zouaves will cease to be, the Chicago Hussars will be forced out of existence, the Aurora Zouaves will cease to be, the Chicago Hussars will be required to drop their military trappiners, while boys beigades and semi-mifitary companies throughout the state will be disbanded or the members fined and imprisoned.

All of these things are owing to the provisions of article two of the military code, now a law, having received the signature of Governor Tanner. For a long time the officers of the National Guard have been trying to secure an enactment which should prevent the indiscriminate wearing of the uniform and the carrying of arms by independent military organizations. Now that the law has gone into effect it is found that it is more sweeping in its effect than even its framers anticipated.

The most striking feature of the American Volunteers is the uniform, which is modeled closely after that of the army, while the officers wear the shoulder straps of the army, in a modified form. This modification is only incolor, however, the rank designation being identical.

WOODFORD AND WEYLER The Captain General Will be Recalled.

What Ills Successor will Do. LONDON, June 29.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon prints the follow-

ing dispatch from its correspondent at Madrid:

"Public attention is engrossed by the appointment of General Stewart L. Woodford as United States minister to Spain. While the government continues to repudiate the intention of recalling Spain. While the government constilling General Weyler, I am in a position to reiterate that his recall will be an accomplished fact at no distant date. I learn that in all probability Generals Blance and Marcias will proceed to the island and divide the supreme command, and I have good reason to believe that, coincident with the arrival here of General Woodford, Marshal Martinez Campos will proceed upon a separate mission to Cuba. In accordance with the wishes of President McKinley, Martinez Campos ehould be the executor of any arrangements reached between Spain and the United States.

The report that the United States will insist upon autonomy and the withdrawal of the Spanish troops, and that otherwise it will intervene by force if necessary, does not tend towards a peaceful solution, and the position is regarded throughout Spain with considerable anxiety."

In Fayer of War.

In Fayor of War.

NEW YORK, June 29 .- A disputch from Madrid says: On account of Se-nor Silvas' recent bellicose speech, and the constant news of Spanish defeats from Havana province, a feeling is re-viving here in favor of war with the United States. Several newspapers publish exciting editorials against the United States.

An Alleged Sherman Interview.

MADRID, June 29 .- The Correspondencia of this city publishes an interview which its New York correspondent view which its New York correspondent claims to have had with Secretary Sherman. The latter is quoted as absolutely denying that the United States government proposed to purchase Cuba, and is said to have added: "American feeling, senerally, does not favor the area in the control of Cuba. The parlisans of such a policy form an unimportant inferent profity. A strong parry, however, supports the annexation of Hawaii, and the only question with Spain is the Ruiz indemnity, upon which this government insists."

WILL BE NO STRIKE

Of Miners in Spite of Sensational Reports to the Contrary.

THE RUMORS IN PITTSBURGH

Emphatically Dented by the Distric President and the President of the United Hine Workers-The Reported Strike Involved the Miners of Ohio, Indians, Illinois, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania-The Official Action of the Executive Committee Against Any Strike at this Season of the Year.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 29 .- Notwithstanding the denials of the local officials of the miners' association, an afternoon paper publishes a long article in effect that the national officers of the union will issue orders to-morrow for a strike in five states.

The edict, the paper says, will go forth from Columbus that the men are to lay down their tools on Saturday. Nearly 125,000 men, the paper continues, will be engaged in this great wage conflict, and the battlefield will cover the bituminous coal center of Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania. The mining rate asked for is 69 ents, based on the thin vein district in Pennsylvania.

REPORT NOT CREDITED,-Patrick Dolan, president of the Pittsburg dis-trict, was seen by an Associated Press trict, was seen by an Associated Press representative and emphatically disclaimed any knowledge of the proposed strike. "I am a member of the executive board," said he, "and no such action, was taken at the meeting in Columbus last week. If a strike was decided upon it was after my departure for home, and as this is one of the most important districts in the association it is to be supposed that notice would have been sent to me. No word has been received, and as far as I know no strike has been ordered."

OFFICIALLY DENIED.-Columbus,

OFFICIALLY DENIED.—Columbus, June 29.—Michael Ratchford, president of the United Mine Workers of America, when asked what, if any truth, were in the specials sent out to the effect that a strike of coal mine workers had been ordered, said:

"I am tired of denying these reports of a proposed strike. I have been denying them for 60 days. I have nothing to say for publication."

The last national meeting of the miners decided on a scale of 60 cents for Ohio and 69 cents for Pennsylvania and left it to the executive committee to determine the time to put this scale into operation. The committee met here June 24, 25 and 26, and for three days were closeted, with positive orders not to be called or to admit anybody. On Saturday, as announced by the Associated Press, they gave out that the conditions are not favorable to put the proposed new scale into operation now. That, of course, means that there might have been a strike had the new scale been ordered, but not being ordered there cannot be any strike.

FIRST TO SIGN

FIRST TO SIGN

The Amalgamated Scale is the Tyler Tube

Works at Washington.Pa .
PITTSBURGH, June 29.—The Tyler
Tube Company, of Washington, Pa., is
the first company this year to sign the
Annalgamated Association scale and will

Anralgamated Association scale and will be the only union mill in the country to continue in operation, unless others sign before to-morrow night. The Tyler company has a large finishing mill, making skelp or pipe iron, and employs about 300 men.

The conference on the iron scale between the manufacturers and Amalgamated Association scale wages committee will begin in Youngstown to-morrow at 10 u. m. All firms signing the scale before a settlement is reached in conference will be given the benefit of any changes that may be made.

Expressive Strike Ended.

Sympathy Strike Ended. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 29.—One thousand miners employed by the Coal Creek company returned to work this morning at the old scale after a brief with the strikers in the Jellico district.

Federated Wire Trades.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 29.—This morning's session of the Federated Wire Trades was taken up with addresses. John Kane, president of the Rod Mill Men's Association, told of the lockout at the Cleveland mill of the Consolidated Wire company, and the injunction proceedings in the United States court restraining the idle men from interfering with the men at work. The committees met during the afternoon and the other delegates went to the base ball game.

State Teachers' Association.

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CLARKSBURG, W. Va., June 29.-The State Teachers' Association will be in session here to-morrow, lasting three in session here to-morrow, lasting three days. The Academy is being beautifully decorated in honor of the occasion. State Superintendent J. Russell Trotter will conduct the exercises and the notables in educational circles will be present. The venerable Prof. Alexander L. Wade, of Morgantown, is here, and will enliven things with his wit and droll humor. A public reception will be given the teachers at the Traders hotel Wednesday night.

She Used Coal Oil.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., June 29.— Anastotia Kelly, the thirteen year old Anastotia Kelly, the thirteen year our niece of Lawyer F. P. Kelley, of this city, was burned to death this evening. She was kindling a fire in the stove, and used coal oil. It was the same old result. The child had been an orphan from four years of age, and her uncle and sunt, who have brought her up, are nearly derauged by grief.

Distinguished Hebrew Des

NEW YORK, June 29.—Henry Ger-ioni, D. D., has died of asthma at his iome in this city. He was banishe home in this city. He was bankhed from Russia for political reasons and came to this country in 1866 and preached in the Temple Emanuel. He also wrote for the Jewish Times until 1874, when he accepted a place as rabbi of a synngogue in Atlanta, Ga. Thence he went to the temple B'Nai Sholem, of Chicago. He resigned to establish the Jewish Advance, which he published for two years.

Passenger Train Wrecked.

Passenger Train Wrecket.

CHICAGO, June 29.—A passenger train on the Northwestern road was wrecked near West Chicago, a station thirty miles from Chicago, in Dupage county, late to-night. No particularshave as yet been received by officials of the road here. It is said, however, that a number of people were injured.

STEAMER WRECKED.

Ship Sent to Her Aid Succeeds in Recening Some on Hoard.

ADEN, June 29 .- The Indian government's steamer Mayo, sent out in search of the missing steamer Aden, from Yokohama, April 20, via Cologne, and Aden, from London, which was last heard of when leaving Colomo on June

Aden, from London, which was last heard of when leaving Colomo on June 1, for this port, has returned here and reports that the Aden was totally lost off this hand, at the eastern extremity of Africa, on the morning of June 8. The Aden carried forty-three passengers from China and Japan.

The captain of the wrecked stuamer, some of her officers and crew and seven white passengers were swept overboard and drowned very soon after she ran ashore. Eight hady passengers, nine children, two officers and a faw of the Aden's crew succeeded in setting away from the wreck in a boat, but they have not been heard of sines, and little hope, owing to the bad weather which has since prevailed, is entertained of their safety.

The Mayo saved cline of the Aden's passengers and three of the white and thirty-three of the natives of the steamer's crew. All of these persons were rescued just as the Aden was breaking up. The survivors of the wrecked steamer were brought to this port by the Mayo and are being cared for by the Mayo and are being cared for by the local authorities.

In all, the drowned and missing include twenty-five passengers, twenty Europhan officers and thirty-three matty and the steamer were brought to this port by the Mayo and are being cared for by the local authorities.

In all, the drowned and missing include twenty-five passengers, twenty Europhan officers and thirty-three matty of the Aden's orew.

LONDON, June 29.—A dispatch to the Mail, from Aden, in describing the wreck, says: "Yast waves swept the wreck, says: "Yast waves swept the wreck, says: "Yast waves swept the wreck dashing the people about and leaving them almost prostrate on the deck. One by one, men, women and children grown too weak to withstand the repeated buffetlings, were washed overboard in sight of those who were momentarily expecting the same fate. Among the first engulted were Mr. and Mrs. Strain and their two children, misses Lloyd and their two children, house leg was broken, but who had borne himself calmly and bravely. He was washed

by one until 5 o'clock in the atternoon, when those who still survived retreated below. Many were badly burt and passed the night in suspense and bodity pain had been in the small cabin, which they expected would be their tomb. None of the survivors whom I have seen cares to talk of this terrible night.

which they expected would, be their tomb. None of the survivors whom I have seen cares to talk of this terrible night.

"The storm abated slightly on the terris and those who were able to move began to search for food, hunger until then having failed to assert itself over more acute privations.

"The search for food resulted in their getting very little of it and this was shared out equally and in very small portions. All the time desperate men kept a sharp lockout. But no vessel was sighted until the thirteenth, and even then the distress signal was not seen. On the seventeenth and on the twentieth, other vessels were sighted, but the signals either were not seen or were ignored. These unhappy episodes caused painful and half crass scenes of rations. Mrs. Gillett did the catering and contributed greatly to cheering up the ship's company.

"On the evening of Juna 25, when things were at their worst and the food supply was almost exhausted, two steamers were sighted. One proceeded without paying any attention to the distress signal. The other anchored under the lee of the island. As soon as she was sighted a hascar mounted the rigging and signalled her. In reply candles burned at her port holes; and at daybreak on the 26th a suspense of seventeen days was releved by the speciacle of the steamer rounding the point and heading towards the wreck. She dropped anchor about a mile away.

"A very heavy see was still running, but the wind had moderated slightly. With heartfelt joy, mingled with the teams of the men and hysterical sobbing of the women, they saw the life boat lowered. It took her three-quarters of an hour to reach the wreck. Every one rushed to the broken side of the ship. It was the boat of the Indian government steamer Mayo, and the charge of Lieutemants Dobin and Goldemith. They skillfully avoided the tremendous wash and rescued all of the survivors in two trips. Every attention was paid to them no board the Mayo. Their health is improving and they will sall homeward to-morrow (Wednesday).

TROUBLE IN VENEZUELA. The Resignation of the Cabinet Creates a

NEW YORK, June 29 .- A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Caracas, Venezuela, says: The resignation of the cabinet created a crisis not only in the administration of the government, but also among the people. Excitement runs high. The sensational action of the ministry, which was, however, not wholly unexpected, being the paramount topic of discussion in the crowded onces and clubs. President Crespa was unable to harmonize the difference in his official family over the Guines boundary arbitration treaty, the element that contended that the provisions of that agreement ignored the sovereignty of Venezuela in stipulating that Great Britain and the United States only, and not Venezuela also, name the members of the tribunal of arbitration, having continued implacable. of the cabinet created a crisis not only

Boston Wool Market.
BOSTON, June 22.—The wool market here has shown more speculative strength this week and considerable wool is being shown. It is hard to sell-any lot of fine medium and fine above the basis of about 35 cents scoured. The price list:

Ohlo and Pennsylvania fleeces X and above 19c; No. 1 combing 23c; No. 2 combing 23c; XX and XX above 22c; delaine 22@23c.

Bank to be Cloud. ERIE, Pa., June 29.—The Keystone Nutional bank, by a unanimous vote of its directors, has decided to close its doors to-day. The depositors will be paid in full.

Movements of Steamships,

LONDON-Michigan, New York.
GLASGOW-Furnessis, New York.
NEW YORK-Massdam from Rotteram; H. H. Metor, from Bremen.
NEW YORK-Arrived, Nomadic, Liv-PLYMOUTH-Arrived, New York for

MARSEILLES-Arrived, Scotla, New

Weather Forecast for To-dar. Weather Forcess for To-day.
For West Virginia, fair; warmer; south-westerly winds.
For Western Pennsylvania, showers, followed by fair weather in the interior Wednesday afternoon; light to fresh southwesterly winds slightly warmer on the lakes.
For Ohio, fair; light to fresh southwesterly winds, diminishing.
Local Temperature.

Local Temperature.